This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product name	: Harpic Eco Fresh Block Citrus	
SDS no.	: D8368105	
Formulation #	: FF3112223	
Supplier	: AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000	
	NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400	
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON	
<u>Jses</u>		
	: Toilet bowl cleaner (Basic Blocks) Consumer use	

Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	DANGER
Hazard statements	:	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	1	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear eye protection.
Response	:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a doctor.
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts	≥10 - ≤30 ≥10 - ≤30	68439-57-6 68411-30-3
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	≤3	77-92-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms	/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health eff	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	nptoms

4. First-aid measures Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : No specific data. Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Specific treatments : No specific treatment. **Protection of first-aiders**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. media Unsuitable extinguishing : None known. media Specific hazards arising : No specific fire or explosion hazard. from the chemical **Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides Special protective actions : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained **Special protective** 2 breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure equipment for fire-fighters mode. Hazchem code : Not applicable

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate
	personal protective equipment.

6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for cor	nta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

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Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). PEAK: 4 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
New Zeeland	

New Zealand

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). Skin sensitiser. WES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection meas	<u>'es</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 	
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid. [Basic Block]
Colour	: Not available.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 3.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
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9. Physical and chemical properties

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Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.		
Flash point	:	Not	applicable.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not	available.	
Flammability	:	: Not available.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not applicable.			
Vapour pressure	: Not available.			
Relative vapour density	: Not applicable.			
Relative density	:	: Not available.		
Solubility(ies)	:			
Media	Result		Result	
cold water hot water			Easily soluble Easily soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	: Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	: Not applicable.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not	available.	
Viscosity	:	Not	applicable.	
Particle characteristics				
Median particle size	:	: Not available.		

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	LD50 Oral	Rat	2310 mg/kg	-
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts	LD50 Oral	Rat	1080 mg/kg	-
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	LD50 Oral	Rat	11700 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Toxicological information 11

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts	Eyes - Severe irritant	In vivo	-	-	-
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters 24 hours 750 ug	-
Conclusion/Summary	·				-
Skin	Calculation method Cau	ises skin irritat	tion.		
Eyes	Calculation method Cau	ises serious e	ye damage.		
Respiratory	Based on available data	, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Sensitisation Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	Based on available data	, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Respiratory	Based on available data	i, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	Based on available data	ı, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	Based on available data	ı, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u>	Based on available data	ı, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	

Not available.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Conclusion/Summary** Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	÷	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11. Toxicological information

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Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Acute EC50 4.53 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts	Acute LC50 5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	Acute LC50 160000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data, the classifi	cation criteria are not met.	

Conclusion/Summary

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12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

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Conclusion/Summary
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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	-1.3	-	low
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives,	3.32	-	low
sodium salts 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-	-1.8	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Sche	duling of Medicines and Poisons
Not scheduled	
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	All components are listed or exempted.
HSNO Group Standard	Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard)
HSNO Approval Number	HSR002530
Approved Handler Requirement	No
Tracking Requirement	No

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations SWA = Safe Work Australia HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
Date of issue / Date of revision	: 26/05/2023
Version	: 2 (Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.